



**VSPK™**  
**INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL**  
Sector-13, Rohini, New Delhi-110085

# HAPPY HOLIDAYS

SESSION 2025-26

"In the Chills of winter,  
let the learning continue."



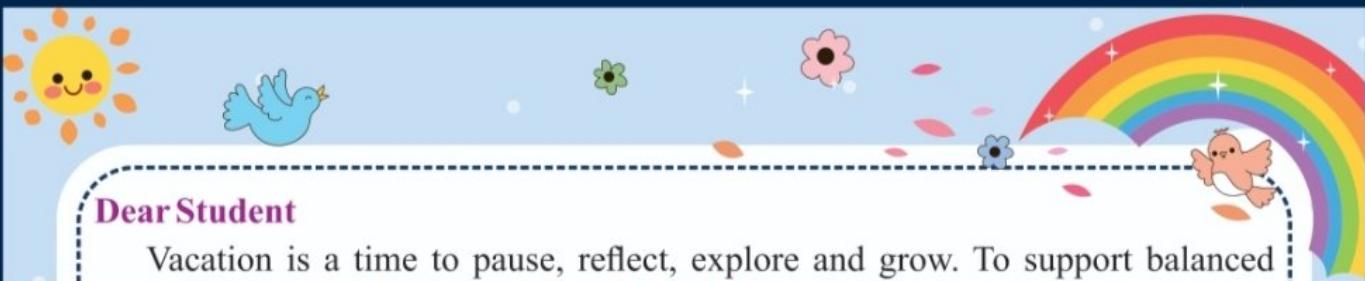


## Message from Principal

**Dear Parents and Students,**

Let this time of the year be significant in recreating family bonds, rejuvenating ourselves and creating memories that will last for long. Along side the family vacation, it is imperative to make the students invest their time in enhancing their skills and aptitude, the school has specially designed theme based practice sheets for each grade to enhance the critical thinking ability of the students. We are certain that each one of you will fetch the maximum benefits out of it. We hope that the time spent with near and dear ones would infuse revived energies. Eagerly waiting to see you all back on **12<sup>th</sup> January 2026**.

**Wish you all a very  
Happy Winter Time!**



### Dear Student

Vacation is a time to pause, reflect, explore and grow. To support balanced development, **VSPK International School** will observe Winter Vacation from **1<sup>st</sup> January 2026 to 11<sup>th</sup> January 2026**. However, learning does not stop during holidays--it simply takes a new form. The Holiday practice sheet designed for you is an experiential learning journey, not a routine task. It encourages a learning continuum during vacation.

Through these activities, you will: Strengthen critical thinking and problem-solving skills, enhance creativity, communication and imagination, apply classroom concepts to real-life situations. You are encouraged to work independently, take ownership of learning and enjoy discovering new ideas at your own pace.

### Dear Parent

As we step into a new year, this winter break provides an excellent opportunity to nurture competency-based learning, well-being and life skills at home.

We request your cooperation in encouraging your child to:

- ❖ Follow healthy self-care routines and hygiene practices
- ❖ Participate in physical activities and outdoor play for fitness and emotional well-being
- ❖ Choose nutritious, homemade food and understand healthy living habits
- ❖ Explore hobbies, reading, art, music, or innovation-based activities
- ❖ Identify and strengthen core skills such as reading fluency, writing expression, numeracy, communication and handwriting
- ❖ Revise key concepts to ensure continuity, retention and readiness for the next learning phase

This integrated approach supports learning outcomes, builds confidence and nurtures responsible, reflective and skilled learners.

**Submission Date: 15<sup>th</sup> January 2026**

**We wish our students a vacation filled with curiosity, creativity, joyful learning and family bonding.**

**Wishing you and your family a happy and prosperous new year 2026.**

**Warm regards,**

**VSPK International School**



Note : All practice sheets to be done in their respective notebook.

## ENGLISH

### SECTION A: READING

**Q1- Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:**

Winter is a season that brings cold weather, shorter days, and a special kind of joy. As the temperature drops, people wear warm clothes such as sweaters, jackets, and shawls to protect themselves from the cold. Mornings are often foggy, and the soft winter sunshine feels pleasant and comforting. Though winter can be challenging, it is also a season that brings people together.

One of the most enjoyable aspects of winter is the celebration of various festivals. Festivals like Christmas, New Year, Lohri, and Makar Sankranti are celebrated during this season in different parts of India and the world. These festivals spread happiness and create a feeling of togetherness. People decorate their homes, exchange gifts, prepare special food, and spend quality time with family and friends. Bonfires on cold winter evenings provide warmth and help people gather and enjoy each other's company.

Winter also has a strong connection with food and health. Hot meals such as soups, roasted snacks, and traditional sweets are commonly enjoyed during this season. Many winter foods help keep the body warm and provide energy. At the same time, people need to take care of their health by staying warm, eating properly, and following healthy habits.

Despite the cold, winter teaches us the importance of togetherness and celebration. It reminds us that even during harsh conditions, joy can be found in simple moments like sitting in the sun, sharing meals, and celebrating festivals. Thus, winter is not just a season of cold weather but also a season of warmth, happiness, and cultural richness.

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- 1) What changes in daily life show that the winter season has arrived?
- 2) How do winter festivals help in spreading happiness among people?
- 3) In what ways does winter influence people's food habits and health care?
- 4) **True or False:** Winter encourages people to come together and enjoy shared activities.
- 5) **Fill in the blank:** The winter season teaches us that warmth and joy come from \_\_\_\_\_ and celebrating together.

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**Q2- Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:**

Clean surroundings play an important role in keeping people healthy and happy. When our homes, schools, and neighbourhoods are clean, the spread of diseases is reduced. Garbage thrown in open places attracts flies, mosquitoes, and other insects that carry harmful germs.



These germs can cause serious illnesses such as dengue, malaria, and typhoid. Therefore, cleanliness is not only about making places look good but also about protecting our health.

Every individual has a responsibility to keep the environment clean. Simple habits like throwing waste in dustbins, separating dry and wet waste, avoiding the use of plastic bags, and keeping our rooms neat can make a big difference. When people ignore cleanliness, the problem increases and affects everyone living in that area. Cleanliness should start from our homes and continue in public places as well.

Schools play an important role in teaching children the value of cleanliness. Teachers can explain why hygiene is necessary and encourage students to follow good habits. Activities such as cleanliness drives, poster-making competitions, and awareness talks help students understand their duty towards society. When children learn these values at a young age, they grow into responsible and caring citizens.

A clean environment also has a positive effect on the mind. Clean parks, roads, and public places look pleasant and make people feel relaxed. People enjoy spending time in clean surroundings, which improves their quality of life. Thus, maintaining cleanliness is a shared responsibility and an important step towards building a healthy and happy society.

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- 1) Why are clean surroundings important for human health?
- 2) Mention any two habits that help in keeping the environment clean.
- 3) How can schools encourage students to maintain cleanliness?
- 4) **True or False:** Clean surroundings help in preventing the spread of diseases.
- 5) **Fill in the blank:** A clean environment creates a sense of positivity and helps people remain \_\_\_\_\_.

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#### SECTION B: WRITING

##### Letter to the Editor:

**Q3-** Write a letter to the editor of *Hindustan Times* about how smoke, fog, and pollution affect people during winter and suggest simple solutions for the same. You are Gauri/Gaurav.

**Q4-** Write a letter to the editor of *The Times of India* addressing about the accidents caused by fog and suggest safety measures for drivers and pedestrians.

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**Advertisement:**

**Q5-** Design an advertisement for a shop offering sweaters, jackets, caps, and scarves at special winter discounts.

**Q6-** Create an advertisement for a food stall selling hot soups, tea, coffee, and roasted snacks in winter.

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**Descriptive Paragraph:**

**Q7-** Write a paragraph describing a memorable day from your winter holidays in about 100-120 words.

**Q8-** Write a paragraph describing the decorations, food, and celebrations of a winter festival you enjoy in about 100-120 words.

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**MATHS**

**Q1. Choose the correct answer.**

1.  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

a)  $\frac{1}{2}$       b)  $\frac{2}{6}$       c)  $\frac{5}{6}$       d)  $\frac{3}{6}$

2.  $7.2 - 3.85 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

a) 3.15      b) 3.35      c) 3.45      d) 3.65

3. The ratio of 14 to 24 in simplest form is:

a) 3 : 4      b) 7 : 12      c) 6 : 8      d) 9 : 12

4. If  $x : 5 = 4 : 10$ , then  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

a) 1      b) 2      c) 3      d) 4

**Q2. Fill in the blanks with  $>$ ,  $<$  or  $=$**

1.  $\frac{4}{7} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \frac{2}{8}$

2.  $10.5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 6.75$



3.  $15 : 20 = 25 : 16$

4.  $0.009 \underline{\quad} 0.90$

### **Q3. Add the Following**

1.  $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{3}{16}$

2.  $\frac{5}{11} + \frac{5}{6}$

3. 18 kg 230 g and 450 kg 65 g

### **Q4. Word Problems :**

1. Are the numbers 9, 12, 15, and 20 in proportion? Give reason.
2. The numbers x, 8, 15, y are in proportion. If x=4 , find y.
3. Aman read  $5/6$  of a story on Monday and  $1/3$  on Tuesday. How much did he read in all?
4. A shopkeeper had 25.5 kg sugar. He sold 12.75 kg. How much is left?
5. Ratio of red to blue balls is 4 : 7. If red balls are 28, find blue balls.
6. Three numbers are in ratio 2 : 3 : 5 and sum is 60. Find the numbers.

## **FRENCH**

### **COMPRÉHENSION ÉCRITE**

#### **Le printemps est arrivé**

Le printemps est une saison merveilleuse. Les arbres commencent à fleurir, et les oiseaux chantent dans les jardins. Il fait plus chaud qu'en hiver, mais pas encore trop chaud. Les enfants adorent cette période, car ils peuvent jouer dehors et profiter du soleil. Les fleurs colorées poussent un peu partout : des tulipes, des jonquilles et des marguerites. Les journées sont plus longues, ce qui permet de passer plus de temps à l'extérieur.

Les animaux sortent aussi de leurs cachettes. Les écureuils courent dans les arbres, et les lapins sautent dans les champs. Il y a une énergie nouvelle dans l'air, et tout semble plus vivant. Le printemps est la saison où la nature se réveille, et c'est un moment très joyeux pour tout le monde.



**I. Lis le texte et réponds aux questions:**

- a. Que font les enfants pendant le printemps ?
- b. Comment est la température au printemps selon le texte ?
- c. Pourquoi le printemps est-il une saison joyeuse selon l'auteur ?

**II. Trouvez du texte**

- a. Animaux qui vivent dans les arbres
- b. Nom des fleurs
- c. Deux verbes

**III. Cochez la bonne réponse :**

**A. Que font les oiseaux au printemps ?**

- a) Ils dorment.
- b) Ils chantent dans les jardins.
- c) Ils partent en vacances.

**B. Quelle est la température pendant le printemps ?**

- a) Il fait très froid.
- b) Il fait assez chaud, mais pas trop.
- c) Il pleut tout le temps.

**C. Quelles fleurs poussent pendant le printemps ?**

- a) Des roses, des pivoines, des marguerites.
- b) Des tulipes, des jonquilles, des marguerites.
- c) Des tournesols, des violettes, des pissenlits.

**D. Pourquoi les enfants aiment-ils le printemps ?**

- a) Parce qu'ils peuvent jouer dehors.
- b) Parce qu'ils aiment la pluie.
- c) Parce qu'ils font leurs devoirs à l'extérieur.



## PRODUCTION ÉCRITE

**Décrivez votre famille (en 60-70 mots)**



## संस्कृत

प्रश्न1- अपठित- गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखन्तु ।

संस्कृतभाषा विश्वस्य सर्वासु भाषासु प्राचीनतमा भाषा अस्ति । इयं भाषा देववाणी अपि कथ्यते ।

संस्कृतभाषा संसारस्य सर्वासां भाषाणां जननी अस्ति । सम्पूर्ण- संस्कृतसाहित्यम् अति प्राचीनम्

अस्ति । इयं भाषा सर्वासु भाषासु सर्वश्रेष्ठा भाषा अस्ति । संस्कृतभाषायाः हिन्दीभाषायाः च माता पुत्री

सम्बन्धः विद्यते । संसारस्य सर्वासु भाषासु अनेके शब्दाः संस्कृतभाषायाः गृहीताः । अस्माकं सर्वे

धार्मिक-ग्रन्थाः, वेदाः, उपनिषदाः, पुराणानि च संस्कृतमेव सन्ति । चत्वारः वेदाः यथा- ऋग्वेदः

, यजुर्वेदः, सामवेदः, अथर्ववेदः च । वेदव्यास- रचितं महाभारतम्, वाल्मीकि- रचितं रामायणम् अपि

संस्कृतमेव स्तः । संस्कृतं पठित्वा वयं सुसंस्कृताः भवामः । अद्यत्वे जनाः विदेशेषु अपि संस्कृतभाषां

वक्तुम् प्रयत्नशीलाः सन्ति । ते संस्कृत- श्लोकानाम् उच्चारणं अति प्रसन्नतया एवम् मनोयोगेन

कुर्वन्ति । यतः संस्कृतभाषायाः उच्चारणेन शरीरस्य सर्वेषु अङ्गेषु ऊर्जायाः प्रसारः भवति । अतः सर्वे

जनाः संस्कृतभाषां अवश्यम् एव पठन्तु ।

1.एकपदेन उत्तरत-

(I) का भाषा देववाणी अपि कथ्यते ?

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(II) संस्कृतसाहित्यम् कीदृशम् अस्ति ?

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(III) महाभारतम् कः अरचयत् ?

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(IV) अद्यत्वे जनाः कुत्र संस्कृतभाषां वक्तुम् प्रयत्नशीलाः सन्ति ?

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2.पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

(I) संस्कृतभाषायाः हिन्दीभाषायाः च कीदृशः सम्बन्धः विद्यते ?

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(II) वेदाः के के सन्ति ?

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3.गद्यांशस्य उचितं शीर्षकं लिखत ।

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4.भाषिककार्यम्-



(I) “सर्वासु” अस्य पदस्य विशेष्य-पदं किम् ?

(क) विदेशो यु (ख) सर्वेषु (ग) भाषासु

(II) “विश्वस्य” अत्र अस्य पदस्य किं पर्यायपदं प्रयुक्तम् ?

(क) शरीरस्य (ख) संसारस्य (ग) भाषायाः

प्रश्न 2- निम्न चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा संस्कृतेन वाक्येन लिखत ।



मंजूषा - एषः, सन्ति, चित्र, आपणं, आपणास्य, अनेके जनाः, बालकः, जनकः, वार्ता�, कुर्वन्ति

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प्रश्न 3- चल / नम धातु लृट लकारे लिखत ।

पुरुषः एकवचनं द्विवचनं बहुवचनं

प्रथमः \_\_\_\_\_

मध्यमः \_\_\_\_\_

उत्तमः \_\_\_\_\_

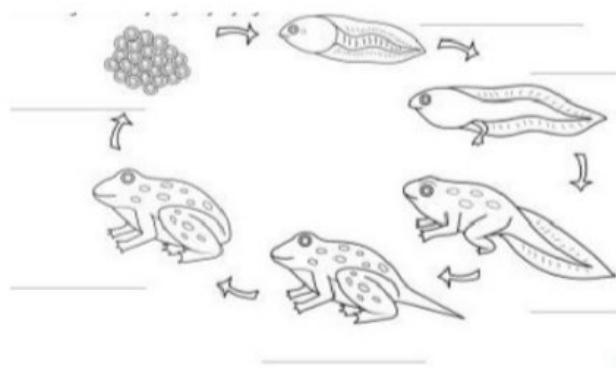


## SCIENCE

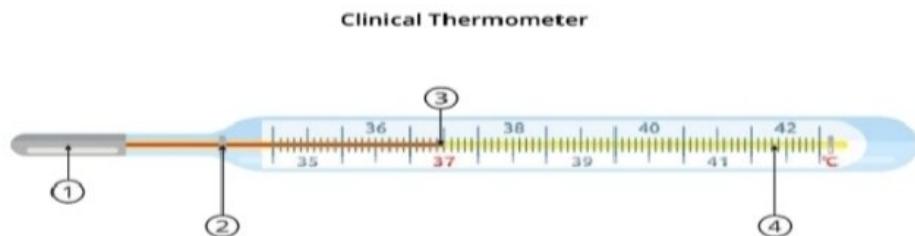
1. Wet clothes dry faster on a sunny day because:  
a) Condensation      b) Freezing      c) Evaporation      d) Melting
2. Iron filings mixed with sulphur can be separated easily using:  
a) Sieving      b) Winnowing      c) Magnetic separation      d) Filtration
3. Plants bend towards sunlight when kept near a window. This shows:  
a) Respiration      b) Reproduction      c) Response to stimuli      d) Growth
4. Smoke released from factories mainly causes pollution of:  
a) Water      b) Soil      c) Air      d) Forests
5. A mixture of salt and water is best separated by:  
a) Filtration      b) Decantation      c) Evaporation      d) Sieving
6. Ice changing into water is an example of:  
a) Chemical change      b) Melting      c) Combustion      d) Respiration
7. Drinking water becomes scarce in summer mainly because:  
a) Excess rainfall      b) Overuse and less recharge  
c) Water cycle stops      d) Melting of ice
8. Coal and petroleum are called fossil fuels because they are:  
a) Renewable      b) Made recently  
c) Formed from dead organisms      d) Available everywhere
9. **Assertion (A):** Conserving water through rainwater harvesting is an efficient method.  
**Reason (R):** Water through rain either seeps into the soil or can be collected in some tanks from where it is supplied for reuse.  
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
c) A is true but R is false  
d) A is false but R is true
10. **Assertion (A):** A child grows in age and size and becomes an adult.  
**Reason (R):** Growth is a characteristic feature of living beings.  
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
c) A is true but R is false  
d) A is false but R is true
11. Name one transparent and one opaque material.
12. Convert  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  into Fahrenheit.



13. Label the stages in the life cycle of a frog:



14. Label the clinical thermometer:



15. Read the passage and answer the given questions:

Rohan observed that his village pond was drying up and the water had become dirty. People were using the pond for washing clothes and animals were also bathing there.

Answer the following:

- Write one harmful effect of polluted water.
- Suggest one method to conserve water in the village.

हिंदी  
(पठन कौशल)

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए:-

दिल्ली देश की राजधानी होने के साथ-साथ रोजगार, शिक्षा और स्वास्थ्य की अनेक सुविधाओं का केंद्र है, परंतु पिछले कुछ वर्षों में यहाँ का बढ़ता प्रदूषण लोगों के लिए गंभीर समस्या बन गया है। सर्दियों के मौसम में हवा की गुणवत्ता इतनी खराब हो जाती है कि साँस लेना भी कठिन हो जाता है। वाहनों का धुआँ, औद्योगिक अपशिष्ट, पराली जलाना और निर्माण कार्य से उड़ती धूल प्रदूषण के मुख्य कारण हैं। बच्चों, बुजुर्गों और दमा के रोगियों पर इसका सबसे अधिक प्रभाव पड़ता है। लगातार जहरीली हवा में रहने से लोगों को खाँसी, आँखों में जलन, साँस की बीमारी और हृदय संबंधी समस्याएँ होने लगी हैं। कई परिवारों ने बच्चों के स्वास्थ्य और बेहतर जीवन के लिए दिल्ली छोड़कर दूसरे शहरों या गाँवों में बसने का निर्णय लिया है। कुछ लोग तो केवल सर्दियों के महीनों में ही शहर से बाहर चले जाते हैं। हालाँकि सरकार ने ऑड-ईवन योजना, निर्माण कार्य पर रोक और हरियाली बढ़ाने जैसे कदम उठाए हैं, फिर भी समस्या पूरी तरह नियंत्रित नहीं हो सकी है। यदि समय रहते प्रभावी उपाय नहीं किए गए, तो दिल्ली से लोगों का पलायन और तेज़ हो सकता है, जिससे शहर की सामाजिक और आर्थिक व्यवस्था भी प्रभावित होगी।

प्रश्न (क) दिल्ली छोड़ने का मुख्य कारण क्या बताया गया है ?

प्रश्न (ख) प्रदूषण के प्रमुख कारण कौन-कौन से हैं ?

प्रश्न (ग) प्रदूषण से कौन-कौन सी बीमारियाँ होती हैं ?

प्रश्न (घ) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश में से दो अनुस्वार व अनुनासिक चिह्न वाले शब्द



छाँटकर कर लिखिए।

प्रश्न (ड) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का मुख्य संदेश क्या है ?

( लेखन कौशल )

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर संवाद लेखन लिखिए :-

(क) दो छात्रों के बीच स्वच्छता के महत्व को बताते हुए संवाद लिखिए।

(ख) पिता और पुत्री के बीच वार्षिक परीक्षा की तैयारी को लेकर संवाद लिखिए।

प्रश्न 3. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर सचित्र विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए:-

(क) किसी कंपनी द्वारा उत्पादित 'हर्बल कोल्ड क्रीम' पर सचित्र विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए।

(ख) किसी कंपनी द्वारा उत्पादित 'सर्दियों में पहनने वाली जुराबों' पर सचित्र विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए।



## SST

### Section A: Assertion–Reason (MCQs)

Choose the correct options:

**Q1.**

**Assertion (A):** The Upanishads focused on philosophical ideas.

**Reason (R):** They discussed the nature of soul and supreme reality.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q2.**

**Assertion (A):** Ashoka followed a policy of Dhamma.

**Reason (R):** He wanted to promote peace, tolerance, and moral values.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q3.**

**Assertion (A):** The Mauryan Empire had a strong central administration.

**Reason (R):** The empire was divided into provinces governed by officials.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q4.**

**Assertion (A):** The lithosphere is the solid domain of the Earth.

**Reason (R):** It includes landforms like mountains, plateaus, and plains.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q5.**

**Assertion (A):** India is located in the Northern Hemisphere.

**Reason (R):** The Tropic of Cancer passes almost through the middle of India.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true



**Q6.**

**Assertion (A):** Oceans help in regulating Earth's climate.

**Reason (R):** They absorb and release heat slowly.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q7.**

**Assertion (A):** Gram Sabha is the foundation of Panchayati Raj.

**Reason (R):** It includes all adult members of the village.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q8.**

**Assertion (A):** The Sarpanch is the head of the Gram Panchayat.

**Reason (R):** He or she is elected by the members of the Gram Sabha.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q9.**

**Assertion (A):** Municipal Corporations function in large cities.

**Reason (R):** Large cities have a higher population and complex needs.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

**Q10.**

**Assertion (A):** Police stations maintain law and order in rural areas.

**Reason (R):** They register complaints and investigate crimes.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. A is false but R is true

---



### Section B: Picture-Based Questions

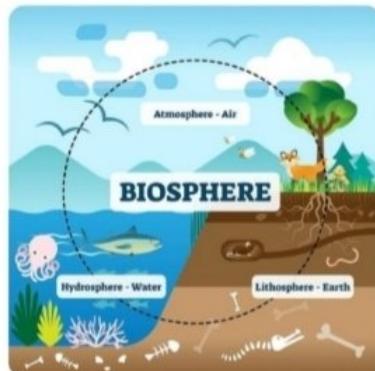
Refer to the given images and answer the questions below.

**Q11.**



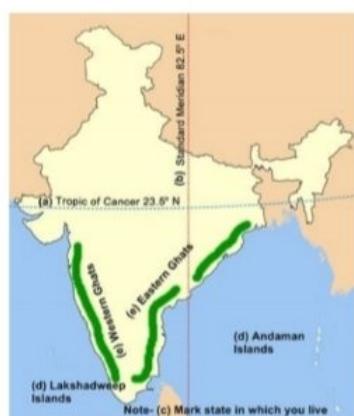
Identify the monument and name the Mauryan ruler associated with it.

**Q12.**



Name any two domains of the Earth shown in the picture.

**Q13.**



Name the latitude shown in the picture.

**Q14.**



Which level of local government is shown here?

**Q15.**



Which urban local body manages such cities?

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### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

#### **Ch -6 Introduction to HTML5 and CSS3**

**Q1.** Explain the rules for writing HTML codes.

**Q2.** Write an HTML program using these tags.

- a) <u>
- b) <hn>
- c) <i>
- d) <p>
- e) <hr>



**Q3.** What is internal CSS? Give a suitable example using internal CSS.

**Q4.** What is inline CSS? Give an example of inline style applied to the `<h1>` tag.

**Q5.** Find out the error and write the correct HTML code.

a)

```
<head>
  <style>
    P
    {
      "Color : red";
      font-size=14;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <p> HTML and CSS example </p>
</body>
</html>
```

b)

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Internal CSS Example</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1 style="color=blue;">Learning CSS</h2>
<p>This is internal CSS</p>
</body>
```



## ART INTEGRATED

Dear Students,

India is a country of great geographical and cultural diversity. To understand how location, climate, and environment influence people's lives, you will work on an Art-Integrated Comparative Study Project based on three Union Territories of India:

Delhi, Lakshadweep, and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

Through this project, you will:

Compare different regions of India

Develop observation and thinking skills

Express learning creatively using art

Understand unity in diversity

You may choose any one topic of comparison given by your teacher and present your work using tables, drawings, charts, maps, or illustrations. The project should reflect original thinking, neat presentation, and correct information.

This activity will help you connect Social Science concepts with real life while enjoying creative learning during your holidays.

1) MAKE COLOURFUL PRESENTATION on A4 SIZED SHEETS TO DISPLAY THE TOPICS GIVEN BELOW ON THE COMPARATIVE STUDY OF DELHI LAKSHADWEPP AND ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLAND.

Geography & Location Comparison

Focus points:

Pictures Physical features

Surrounding water bodies

Rivers

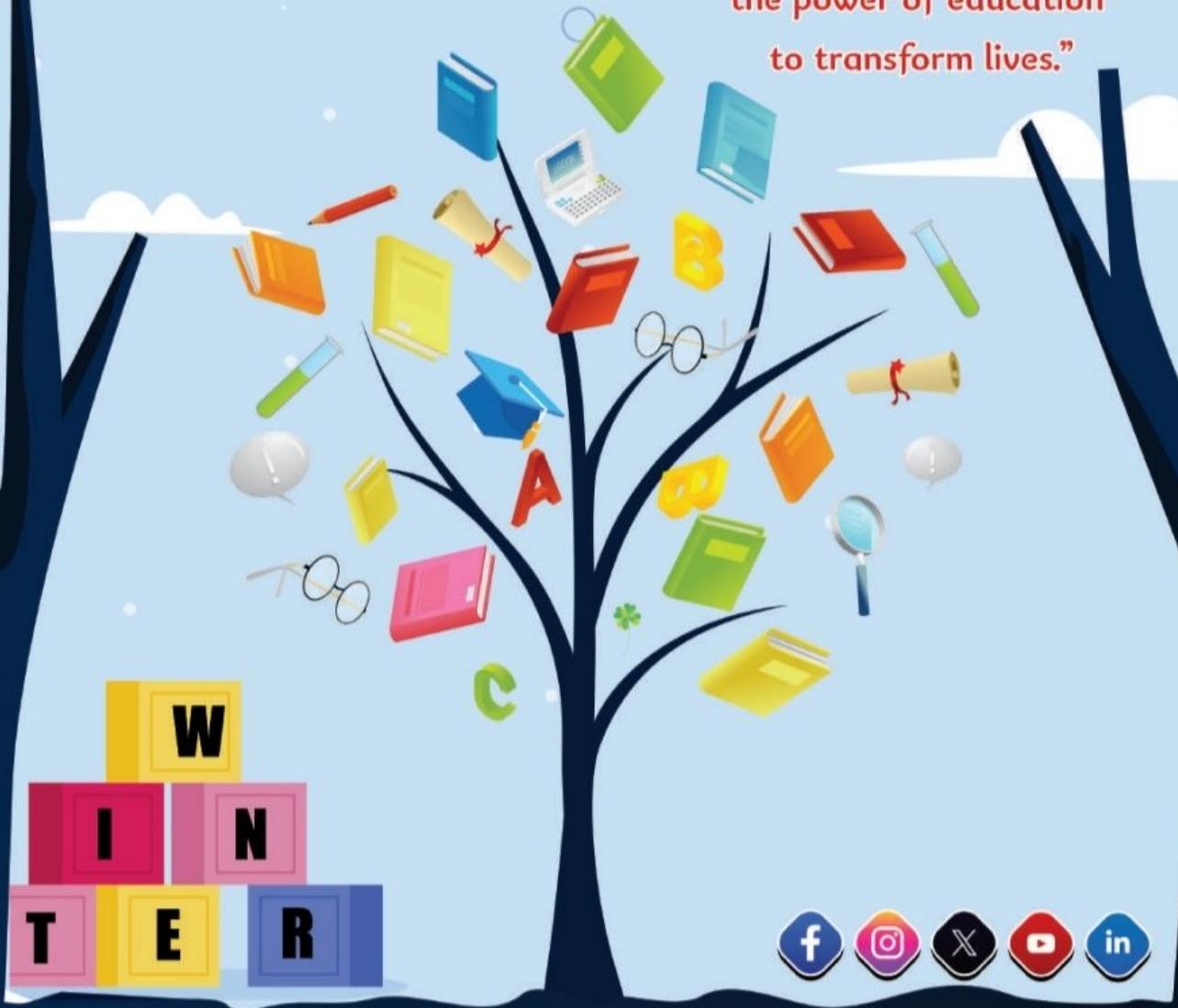
Main occupations

2) दिल्ली, लक्षद्वीप और अंडमान निकोबार पर अलग-अलग खंड बनाते हुए वहाँ की पारंपरिक वेशभूषा और खानपान का चित्र सहित कॉलाज तैयार कीजिए। (ए 3 साइज शीट पर)



# Happy New Year

"As we welcome 2026,  
let's celebrate  
the power of education  
to transform lives."



W  
I  
N  
T  
I  
E  
R

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